## MA 265, Spring 2022, Midterm I (GREEN)

## INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Write your answers of the seven multiple choice questions into the table on the last page. Show all your work on the questions and you may use the back of the test pages as scratch paper if needed.
2. After you have finished the exam, hand in your test booklet to your instructor.

| 172 | MWF | 11:30AM | Zhang, Ying | 253 | TR | 4:30PM | Kadattur, Shuddhodan |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 173 | MWF | 12:30PM | Zhang, Ying | 264 | TR | 3:00PM | Kadattur, Shuddhodan |
| 185 | TR | 12:00PM | Tsymbaliuk, Oleksandr | 265 | MWF | 3:30PM | Nguyen, Thi-Phong |
| 196 | TR | 1:30PM | Tsymbaliuk, Oleksandr | 276 | MWF | 4:30PM | Nguyen, Thi-Phong |
| 201 | MWF | 11:30AM | Debray, Arun | 277 | TR | 12:00PM | Zhang, Qing |
| 202 | TR | 12:00PM | Zhang, Zecheng | 281 | TR | 1:30PM | Zhang, Qing |
| 213 | TR | 4:30PM | Zhang, Zecheng | 282 | MWF | 1:30PM | Tang, Shiang |
| 214 | MWF | 4:30PM | Xu, Xuefeng | 283 | MWF | 1:30PM | Zhang, Ying |
| 225 | MWF | 3:30PM | Xu, Xuefeng | 284 | MWF | 2:30PM | Debray, Arun |
| 226 | MWF | 10:30AM | Yhee, Farrah | 285 | MWF | 2:30PM | Tang, Shiang |
| 237 | MWF | 11:30AM | Yhee, Farrah | 287 | TR | 9:00AM | Rivera, Manuel |
| 238 | TR | 9:00AM | Yang, Guang | 288 | MWF | 10:30AM | Mohammad-Nezhad, Ali |
| 240 | TR | 10:30AM | Yang, Guang | 289 | MWF | 11:30AM | Mohammad-Nezhad, Ali |
| 241 | TR | 3:00PM | Noack, Christian james | 290 | TR | 10:30AM | Miller, Jeremy |
| 252 | TR | 4:30PM | Noack, Christian james | 291 | TR | 12:00PM | Ulrich, Bernd |
|  |  |  |  | 292 | MWF | 3:30PM | Heinzer, William |

3. NO CALCULATORS, BOOKS, NOTES, PHONES OR CAMERAS ARE ALLOWED on this exam. Turn off or put away all electronic devices.
4. When time is called, all students must put down their writing instruments immediately. You may remain in your seat while your instructor will collect the exam booklets.
5. Anyone who violates these instructions will have committed an act of academic dishonesty. Penalties for such behavior can be severe and may include an automatic F on the course. All cases of academic dishonesty will be reported to the Office of the Dean of Students.

I have read and understand the above instructions regarding academic dishonesty:

## STUDENT NAME

STUDENT SIGNATURE

STUDENT PUID
SECTION NUMBER

1. (10 points) For which value of $a$ is the following system of equations in the variables $x$, $y$, and $z$ inconsistent?

$$
\begin{array}{r}
x+2 y-z=1 \\
a x+a y+3 z=0 \\
y-2 z=2
\end{array}
$$

A. $a=0$
B. $a=-3$
C. $a=3$
D. $a=2$
E. $a=-2$
2. (10 points) Let $A$ be an $m \times n$ matrix. Which of the following statements must be true?
(i) If equation $A \mathbf{x}=\mathbf{b}$ is consistent for each $\mathbf{b} \in \mathbb{R}^{m}$ then $\operatorname{rank}(A)=n$.
(ii) If equation $A \mathbf{x}=0$ has only trivial solution, then $\operatorname{rank}(A)=n$.
(iii) If $\operatorname{rank}(A)=n$ then rows of $A$ form a linearly dependent set.
(iv) If $\operatorname{rank}(A)=n$ and $A$ is square matrix then $A$ is invertible.
(v) If $\operatorname{rank}(A)=m$ and the linear transform $\mathbf{x} \mapsto A \mathbf{x}$ is one-to-one then $A$ is invertible.
A. (i), (ii) and (iv) only
B. (ii), (iii) and (v) only
C. (i), (ii), (iv) and (v) only
D. (ii), (iv) and (v) only
E. all are true
3. (10 points) Let $T: \mathbb{R}^{n} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{m}$ be a one-to-one linear transformation. Let $A$ be the matrix associated to $T$. Which of the following statements is not always true?
A. If $\mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{1}}$ and $\mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{2}}$ are linearly independent, so are $T\left(\mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{1}}\right)$ and $T\left(\mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{2}}\right)$.
B. If $T(\mathbf{v})=\mathbf{0}$, then $\mathbf{v}=\mathbf{0}$.
C. $m \geq n$.
D. $T(\mathbf{v}+\mathbf{w})=T(\mathbf{v})+T(\mathbf{w})$ for all $\mathbf{v}, \mathbf{w} \in \mathbb{R}^{n}$.
E. For all $\mathbf{b} \in \mathbb{R}^{m}$, the equation $A \mathbf{x}=\mathbf{b}$ is consistent.
4. (10 points) Which of the following statements must be TRUE?
(i) If $T: \mathbb{R}^{2} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{2}$ is the linear transformation associated to a $2 \times 2$ matrix $A$ and $A^{T} A$ is the identity matrix, then for any parallelogram $S$, the area of $T(S)$ is the area of $S$.
(ii) A homogeneous linear system of $n$ equations in $n$ variables has infinitely many solutions if and only if the determinant of the coefficient matrix is zero.
(iii) If $A$ is an $n \times n$ matrix with non-zero determinant, then $A$ is invertible and the inverse of $A$ is given by

$$
A^{-1}=\frac{1}{\operatorname{det}(A)} A
$$

(iv) If $T: \mathbb{R}^{3} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{3}$ is the linear transformation associated to a $3 \times 3$ matrix $A$ such that there is some parallelepiped $S$ for which $T(S)$ is a flat parallelogram, then $\operatorname{det}(A)=0$.
A. (i) and (iv) only
B. (iii) and (iv) only
C. (i), (ii), and (iv) only
D. (ii), (iii) and (iv) only
E. all are true
5. (10 points) Which of the following collection of vectors is linearly independent?
A. $\left\{\left[\begin{array}{c}4 \\ 5 \\ -8\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{c}-5 \\ -6 \\ 9\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{c}-2 \\ -2 \\ 3\end{array}\right]\right\}$
B. $\left\{\left[\begin{array}{l}1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{l}3 \\ 5 \\ 0 \\ 0\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{c}22 \\ 8 \\ 0 \\ 0\end{array}\right]\right\}$
C. $\left\{\left[\begin{array}{l}1 \\ 4 \\ 7\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{l}0 \\ 0 \\ 0\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{l}3 \\ 6 \\ 9\end{array}\right]\right\}$
D. $\left\{\left[\begin{array}{l}1 \\ 0 \\ 0\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{l}4 \\ 3 \\ 0\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{l}3 \\ 5 \\ 0\end{array}\right]\right\}$
E. $\left\{\left[\begin{array}{l}2 \\ 2 \\ 2\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{c}1 \\ -4 \\ 1\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{l}-3 \\ -3 \\ -3\end{array}\right]\right\}$
6. (10 points) Assume that the determinant of the matrix $A=\left[\begin{array}{lll}a & b & c \\ d & e & f \\ g & h & i\end{array}\right]$ is -2 . What is the determinant of the matrix $B=\left[\begin{array}{ccc}3 a-5 b+c & 3 d-5 e+f & 3 g-5 h+i \\ 2 c & 2 f & 2 i \\ b & e & h\end{array}\right]$ ?
A. -12
B. 12
C. -24
D. 6
E. -6
7. (10 points) Let $\mathcal{B}=\left\{\mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{1}}, \mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{2}}, \mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{3}}\right\}$, where $\mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{1}}=\left[\begin{array}{l}3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 2\end{array}\right], \mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{2}}=\left[\begin{array}{l}0 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 1\end{array}\right], \mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{3}}=\left[\begin{array}{r}-1 \\ 1 \\ -3 \\ 2\end{array}\right]$ is a linearly independent set. Denote $H=\operatorname{Span}\left\{\mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{1}}, \mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{2}}, \mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{3}}\right\}$ which is a subspace of $\mathbb{R}^{4}$. Is $\mathbf{x}=\left[\begin{array}{r}9 \\ -8 \\ -1 \\ -5\end{array}\right]$ in $H ?$ If so, find the $\mathcal{B}-$ coordinate vector of $\mathbf{x}$.
A. $\mathbf{x}$ is in $H$ and the $\mathcal{B}$ - coordinate vector of $\mathbf{x}$ is $\left[\begin{array}{r}3 \\ -1 \\ 1\end{array}\right]$
B. $\mathbf{x}$ is in $H$ and the $\mathcal{B}$ - coordinate vector of $\mathbf{x}$ is $\left[\begin{array}{r}2 \\ -3 \\ -3\end{array}\right]$
C. $\mathbf{x}$ is in $H$ and the $\mathcal{B}$ - coordinate vector of $\mathbf{x}$ is $\left[\begin{array}{r}3 \\ -2 \\ 1\end{array}\right]$
D. $\mathbf{x}$ is in $H$ and the $\mathcal{B}$ - coordinate vector of $\mathbf{x}$ is $\left[\begin{array}{r}2 \\ -3 \\ -2\end{array}\right]$
E. $\mathbf{x}$ is not in $H$
8. Let $T: \mathbb{R}^{3} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{3}$ be a linear transformation with

$$
T\left(\left[\begin{array}{l}
1 \\
0 \\
0
\end{array}\right]\right)=\left[\begin{array}{l}
1 \\
0 \\
5
\end{array}\right], \quad T\left(\left[\begin{array}{l}
0 \\
1 \\
0
\end{array}\right]\right)=\left[\begin{array}{l}
2 \\
1 \\
6
\end{array}\right], \quad T\left(\left[\begin{array}{l}
0 \\
0 \\
1
\end{array}\right]\right)=\left[\begin{array}{l}
3 \\
4 \\
0
\end{array}\right] .
$$

(2 points)(1) Let $A$ be the standard matrix of $T$, find $A$.
(3 points)(2) Find the image of the vector $\mathbf{u}=\left[\begin{array}{c}1 \\ 2 \\ -1\end{array}\right]$.
(5 points)(3) Is the vector $\mathbf{b}=\left[\begin{array}{c}10 \\ 6 \\ 27\end{array}\right]$ in the range of $T$ ? If so, find a vector $\mathbf{x}$ in $\mathbb{R}^{3}$ such that $T(\mathbf{x})=\mathbf{b}$.
9. Consider the following matrix

$$
A=\left[\begin{array}{rrrrr}
1 & 0 & -5 & 1 & 4 \\
-2 & 1 & 6 & -2 & -2 \\
0 & 2 & -8 & 1 & 9
\end{array}\right]
$$

(4 points)(1) Find the REDUCED row echelon form for the matrix A.
(4 points)(2) Find a basis for the null space of A.
(2 points)(3) Find a basis for the column space of A.
10. Consider the following matrix

$$
A=\left[\begin{array}{rrr}
0 & 1 & 2 \\
1 & 0 & 3 \\
4 & -3 & 8
\end{array}\right]
$$

(3 points)(1) Find the determinant of A .
(3 points)(2) Find the determinant of $2 A$ and the determinant of $(2 A)^{-1}$.
(4 points)(3) Let B be the inverse matrix of A , find the (2,3)-entry of matrix B .

Please write your answers of the 7 multiple choice questions in the following table.

| Question | Answer |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1. $(10$ points $)$ |  |
| 2. $(10$ points $)$ |  |
| 3. $(10$ points $)$ |  |
| 4. $(10$ points $)$ |  |
| 5. $(10$ points $)$ |  |
| 6. $(10$ points $)$ |  |
| 7. $(10$ points $)$ |  |

## Total Points:

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