## MA 16600 EXAM 2 INSTRUCTIONS VERSION 01 March 9, 2016

Your name	Your TA's name
Student ID #	Section $\#$ and recitation time

- 1. You must use a  $\underline{\#2 \text{ pencil}}$  on the scantron sheet (answer sheet).
- 2. Check that the cover of your question booklet is GREEN and that it has VERSION 01 on the top. <u>Write 01</u> in the TEST/QUIZ NUMBER boxes and blacken in the appropriate spaces below.
- **3.** On the scantron sheet, fill in your  $\underline{TA's}$  name (NOT the lecturer's name) and the <u>course number</u>.
- 4. Fill in your <u>NAME</u> and <u>PURDUE ID NUMBER</u>, and blacken in the appropriate spaces.
- 5. Fill in the four-digit <u>SECTION NUMBER</u>.
- 6. Sign the scantron sheet.
- 7. Blacken your choice of the correct answer in the spaces provided for each of the questions 1–12. Do all your work on the question sheets. <u>Show your work</u> on the question sheets. Although no partial credit will be given, any disputes about grades or grading will be settled by examining your written work on the question sheets.
- 8. There are 12 questions, each worth 8 points. The maximum possible score is  $8 \times 12 + 4$  (for taking the exam) = 100 points.
- **9.** <u>NO calculators, electronic device, books, or papers are allowed.</u> Use the back of the test pages for scrap paper.
- 10. After you finish the exam, turn in BOTH the scantron sheets and the exam booklets.
- 11. If you finish the exam before 8:55, you may leave the room after turning in the scantron sheets and the exam booklets. If you don't finish before 8:55, you should REMAIN SEATED until your TA comes and collects your scantron sheets and exam booklets.

## **Exam Policies**

- 1. Students must take pre-assigned seats and/or follow TAs' seating instructions.
- 2. Students may not open the exam until instructed to do so.
- 3. No student may leave in the first 20 min or in the last 5 min of the exam.
- 4. Students late for more than 20 min will not be allowed to take the exam; they will have to contact their lecturer within one day for permission to take a make-up exam.
- 5. After time is called, the students have to put down all writing instruments and remain in their seats, while the TAs will collect the scantrons and the exams.
- 6. Any violation of the above rules may result in score of zero.

# **Rules Regarding Academic Dishonesty**

- 1. You are not allowed to seek or obtain any kind of help from anyone to answer questions on the exam. If you have questions, consult only your instructor.
- 2. You are not allowed to look at the exam of another student. You may not compare answers with anyone else or consult another student until after you have finished your exam, handed it in to your instructor and left the room.
- 3. You may not consult notes, books, calculators. You may not handle cell phones or cameras, or any electronic devices until after you have finished your exam, handed it in to your instructor and left the room.
- 4. Anyone who violates these instructions will have committed an act of academic dishonesty. Penalties for academic dishonesty can be very severe and may include an F in the course. All cases of academic dishonesty will be reported immediately to the Office of the Dean of Students.

I have read and understand the exam policies and the rules regarding the academic dishonesty stated above:

STUDENT NAME:

STUDENT SIGNATURE:

## Questions

<b>1.</b> Evaluate the integral $\int_0^{\pi/2}$	$\tan^3 x \sec x  dx.$
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- A. 1/3
- B. 2/3
- C. 1
- D. 4/3
- E. 5/3

# **2.** Evaluate the integral $\int_0^1 \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$ . Hint: $\cos(2t) = 1 - 2\sin^2 t$ .

- A.  $\pi/6$
- B.  $\pi/4$
- C.  $\pi/3$
- D.  $\pi/2$
- E.  $2\pi/3$

3. Evaluate the integral  $\int_{0}^{\pi/2} \frac{\cos t}{\sqrt{1+\sin^{2} t}} dt$  using the table of integrals formula  $\int \frac{du}{\sqrt{1+u^{2}}} = \ln\left(u + \sqrt{1+u^{2}}\right) + C.$ A.  $\ln 2$ B.  $\ln 3$ C. 1/2D.  $\ln(1+\sqrt{2})$ E.  $\ln\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \sqrt{1+\frac{\pi^{2}}{4}}\right)$ 

- **4.** Evaluate the integral  $\int_0^1 \frac{x^2+1}{(x+1)^2} dx$ .
  - A.  $\ln 2$
  - B.  $1 + \ln 2$
  - C.  $2 2 \ln 2$
  - D.  $1 2 \ln 2$
  - E.  $-2\ln 2$

- 5. Evaluate the integral  $\int_0^1 \frac{x^2}{x^2+1} dx$ .

  - A.  $\frac{\pi}{2}$ B.  $\frac{\pi}{3}$ C.  $\frac{\pi}{4}$ D.  $1 + \frac{\pi}{4}$ E.  $1 \frac{\pi}{4}$

6. Evaluate the integral  $\int_{4}^{9} \frac{\sqrt{x}}{x-1} dx$ . Hints:  $\frac{d}{dx}\sqrt{x} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}, \quad \frac{2}{u^2-1} = \frac{1}{u-1} - \frac{1}{u+1}$ . A.  $10 + \ln(4/3)$ B.  $10 - \ln(4/3)$ C.  $5 + \ln(4/3)$ D.  $2 + \ln(3/2)$ E.  $1 + \ln(3/2)$ 

- 7. Find the arc length of the curve  $y = 2x^{3/2}$ ,  $0 \le x \le 3$ .
  - A.  $\frac{2}{27}(28^{3/2}-1)$
  - B.  $\frac{2}{27}(24^{3/2}-1)$
  - C.  $\frac{2}{27}(22^{3/2}-1)$
  - D.  $\frac{2}{27}(20^{3/2}-1)$
  - E.  $\frac{2}{27}(26^{3/2}-1)$

- 8. The curve  $x = \frac{1}{3}(y^2 + 2)^{3/2}$ ,  $1 \le y \le 2$ , is rotated about the *y*-axis. The area of the resulting surface is  $\int_1^2 \frac{2\pi}{3}(y^2 + 2)^{3/2}(y^2 + k) \, dy$  for some constant k. What is k?
  - A. 1
  - B. 4
  - C. 9
  - D. 1/4
  - E. 1/9

- **9.** Find the x-coordinate,  $\bar{x}$ , of the centroid of the region bounded by y = -2x + 3, y = 0, x = 0, and x = 1.
  - A. 5/12
  - B. 7/16
  - C. 1/3
  - D. 2/5
  - E. 4/9

### 10. Which of the following statements are true?

(I) The sequence  $a_n = \sin(n\pi)$  is convergent (II) The sequence  $a_n = \frac{2n^3+1}{n-n^3}$  is divergent (III) The sequence  $a_n = e^{(\frac{2n}{n+2})}$  is convergent

- A. I is true; II and III are false
- B. II is true; I and III are false
- C. III is true; I and II are false
- D. I and II are true; III is false
- E. I and III are true; II is false

### 11. Which of the following statements are true?

(I) Every positive bounded sequence is convergent.

- (II) The sequence  $a_n = \frac{n \cos(n)}{n^2+3}$  is convergent. (III) The sequence  $a_n = 3^n/2^{n+1}$  is convergent.
  - A. I is true; II and III are false
  - B. II is true; I and III are false
  - C. III is true; I and II are false
  - D. I and II are true; III is false
  - E. I and III are true; II is false

**12.** Find the sum of the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4^n}{5(3^{2n-1})}$ .

- A. 12/25
- B. 5/27
- C. 2/9
- D. 9/5
- E. The series is divergent