MA 16200 EXAM 2 Form A March 10, 2015

N	AME YOUR TA'S NAME					
Sī	TUDENT ID # RECITATION TIME					
1.	You must use a #2 pencil on the mark—sense sheet (answer sheet).					
2.	. If the cover of your question booklet is GREEN, write 01 in the TEST/QUIZ NUMBER boxes and blacken in the appropriate spaces below. If the cover is ORANGE, write 02 in the TEST/QUIZ NUMBER boxes and darken the spaces below.					
3.	On the mark-sense sheet, fill in your <u>TA's</u> name and the <u>course number</u> .					
4.	Fill in your $\underline{\text{NAME}}$ and $\underline{\text{STUDENT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER}}$ and blacken in the appropriate spaces.					
5.	Fill in your four-digit <u>SECTION NUMBER</u> . If you do not know your section number, please ask your TA.					
6.	Sign the mark—sense sheet.					

questions 1–12. Do all your work on the question sheets.

9. Turn in both the mark–sense sheets and the question sheets when you are finished.

8. There are 12 questions, each worth 8 points (you will automatically earn 4 points for taking the exam). Blacken in your choice of the correct answer in the spaces provided for

7. Fill in your name and your instructor's name on the question sheets above.

- 10. If you finish the exam before 7:20, you may leave the room after turning in the scantron sheet and the exam booklet. <u>If you don't finish before 7:20, you MUST REMAIN SEATED</u> until your TA comes and collects your scantron sheet and your exam booklet.
- 11. NO CALCULATORS, PHONES, BOOKS, OR PAPERS ARE ALLOWED. Use the back of the test pages for scrap paper.

EXAM POLICIES

1. Students may not open the exam until instructed to do so.

I have read and understand the exam rules stated above:

- 2. Students must obey the orders and requests by all proctors, TAs, and lecturers.
- 3. No student may leave in the first 20 min or in the last 10 min of the exam.
- 4. Books, notes, calculators, or any electronic devices are not allowed on the exam, and they should not even be in sight in the exam room. Students may not look at anybody else's test, and may not communicate with anybody else except, if they have a question, with their TA or lecturer.
- 5. After time is called, the students have to put down all writing instruments and remain in their seats, while the TAs will collect the scantrons and the exams.
- 6. Any violation of these rules and any act of academic dishonesty may result in severe penalties. Additionally, all violators will be reported to the Office of the Dean of Students.

STUDENT NAME:		
STODENT NAME		
STUDENT SIGNATURE:		

1. Evaluate

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \cos^2 x \, \sin^3 x \, dx$$

- A. $\frac{2}{15}$ B. $\frac{7}{15}$ C. $\frac{13}{15}$ D. $\frac{4}{15}$ E. $\frac{11}{15}$

$$\int_0^{\pi/3} \sec^6 x \ dx$$

- $A. \ \frac{36\sqrt{3}}{5}$
- B. $\frac{34\sqrt{3}}{5}$
- $C. \ \frac{32\sqrt{3}}{5}$
- D. $\frac{28\sqrt{3}}{5}$
- E. $\frac{24\sqrt{3}}{5}$

3. Evaluate

$$\int_{3}^{4} \frac{3x+2}{x^2-4} \, dx$$

- A. $\ln(12/5)$
- B. $\ln(6/5)$
- C. ln(24/5)
- D. ln(3/5)
- E. $\ln(18/5)$

4. Compute
$$\int \frac{dx}{x^2(x+1)}$$

A.
$$\ln \left| \frac{x}{x+1} \right| - \frac{1}{x} + C$$

$$B. \left| \frac{1}{2} \ln \left| \frac{x+1}{x} \right| - \frac{1}{x} + C \right|$$

C.
$$\ln \left| \frac{x+1}{x} \right| + \frac{1}{x} + C$$

D.
$$\ln \left| \frac{x}{x+1} \right| + \frac{1}{2x} + C$$

E.
$$\ln \left| \frac{x+1}{x} \right| - \frac{1}{x} + C$$

5. Use the Trapezoidal Rule with n=3 to compute the approximate value of $\int_0^{3/2} \frac{dx}{2x+1}$. The formula for the Trapezoidal Rule is

$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x) dx \approx \frac{\Delta x}{2} \left[f(x_0) + 2f(x_1) + 2f(x_2) + \dots + 2f(x_{n-1}) + f(x_n) \right]$$

- A. $\frac{15}{8}$
- B. $\frac{35}{48}$
- C. $\frac{35}{24}$
- D. $\frac{29}{24}$
- E. $\frac{29}{48}$

6. Compute $\int \frac{dx}{3x^2\sqrt{4x^2+9}}$ by using the following formula:

$$\int \frac{du}{u^2 \sqrt{u^2 + a^2}} = \frac{-\sqrt{a^2 + u^2}}{a^2 u} + C$$

- A. $\frac{-2\sqrt{9+4x^2}}{27x} + C$
- B. $\frac{-\sqrt{9+4x^2}}{27x} + C$
- C. $\frac{-\sqrt{9+4x^2}}{9x} + C$
- D. $\frac{-\sqrt{9+4x^2}}{6x} + C$
- E. $\frac{-\sqrt{9+4x^2}}{3x} + C$

- 7. Find all values of p for which the integral $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{x^{p+1}}$ converges.
 - A. p < -1
 - B. p < 0
 - C. p > 0
 - D. p > 1
 - E. Diverges for all p

8. Find the integral

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{2}{x^2 + 6x + 8} \, dx$$

- A. ln 2
- B. ln 3
- C. ln 4
- D. ln 5
- E. $\ln 6$

- **9.** Which of the following expressions gives the length of the curve $x = y^3$ from y = -2 to y = 2?
 - A. $\int_{-2}^{2} (1+y^6) dy$
 - B. $\int_{-2}^{2} \sqrt{1+y^6} \, dy$
 - C. $\int_{-2}^{2} \sqrt{1+3y^4} \, dy$
 - D. $\int_{-2}^{2} \sqrt{1 + 9y^4} \, dy$
 - E. $\int_{-2}^{2} (1+3y^2) dy$

10. Find the centroid of the region bounded by $y = \sin 5x$, y = 0, and $x = \frac{\pi}{10}$. You may use the following results in your calculation:

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{10}} \sin 5x \ dx = \frac{1}{5} \qquad \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{10}} x \sin 5x \ dx = \frac{1}{25} \qquad \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{10}} \sin^2 5x \ dx = \frac{\pi}{20}$$

- A. $\left(\frac{\pi}{8}, \frac{1}{5}\right)$
- B. $\left(\frac{1}{5}, \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$
- C. $\left(\frac{1}{5}, \frac{\pi}{8}\right)$
- D. $\left(\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{1}{5}\right)$
- $E. \left(\frac{1}{25}, \frac{\pi}{20}\right)$

- **11.** For a geometric series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$, the terms a_1 and a_2 are 7 and 3. What is a_{1000} ?
 - A. $\frac{3^{999}}{7^{999}}$
 - B. $\frac{3^{1000}}{7^{1000}}$
 - C. $\frac{3^{999}}{7^{998}}$
 - D. $\frac{3^{1001}}{7^{1001}}$ E. $\frac{3^{1000}}{7^{1001}}$

12. Find the sum

$$\sum_{1}^{\infty} \frac{3^{n+1}}{5^{n+2}}$$

- A. 0.21
- B. 0.19
- C. 0.20
- D. 0.18
- E. 0.17