MA 16100 EXAM 2 Form 01 March 5, 2020

NAME	YOUR TA'S NAME	

_____ RECITATION TIME ____

Be sure the paper you are looking at right now is GREEN! Write the following in the TEST/QUIZ NUMBER

You must use a $\underline{\#2 \text{ pencil}}$ on the mark–sense sheet (answer sheet). On the mark–sense sheet, fill in your <u>TA</u>'s name and the <u>COURSE</u> number. Fill in your <u>NAME</u> and <u>STUDENT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER</u> and blacken in the appropriate spaces. Fill in your four-digit <u>SECTION NUMBER</u>. If you do not know your section number, ask your TA. Sign the mark–sense sheet.

There are **12** questions, each worth 8 points (you will automatically earn 4 point for taking the exam). Blacken in your choice of the correct answer in the spaces provided for questions 1–12. Do all your work in this exam booklet. Use the back of the test pages for scrap paper. Turn in both the scantron and the exam booklet when you are finished.

If you finish the exam before 7:20, you may leave the room after turning in the scantron sheet and the exam booklet. You may not leave the room before 6:50. <u>If you don't finish before 7:20, you MUST REMAIN SEATED</u> until your TA comes and collects your scantron sheet and your exam booklet.

EXAM POLICIES

1. Students may not open the exam until instructed to do so.

boxes (and blacken in the appropriate spaces below the boxes): **01**

- 2. Students must obey the orders and requests by all proctors, TAs, and lecturers.
- 3. No student may leave in the first 20 min or in the last 10 min of the exam.
- 4. Books, notes, calculators, or any electronic devices are not allowed on the exam, and they should not even be in sight in the exam room. Students may not look at anybody else's test, and may not communicate with anybody else except, if they have a question, with their TA or lecturer.
- 5. After time is called, the students have to put down all writing instruments and remain in their seats, while the TAs will collect the scantrons and the exams.
- 6. Any violation of these rules and any act of academic dishonesty may result in severe penalties. Additionally, all violators will be reported to the Office of the Dean of Students.

I have read and understand the exam rules stated above:

STUDENT NAME:

STUDENT ID # ____

STUDENT SIGNATURE: ____

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{2x^2 + 1}{(2 - x)(2 + x)} =$$

A. -4

1.

- B. −2
- C. 1
- D. 2
- E. The limit does not exist

2.

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{\sqrt{9x^2 + 1}}{x + 5} =$$

- A. 1
- B. -1
- C. 3
- D. -3
- E. Does not exist

3. The function

$$G(x) = \begin{cases} x - 5 & x < 2\\ -5 & x = 2\\ 5x - 13 & x > 2 \end{cases}$$

is NOT continuous at x = 2 because

- A. G(2) is not defined
- B. $\lim_{x \to 2} G(x)$ does not exist
- C. $\lim_{x \to 2} \neq G(2)$
D. $G(2) \neq -5$
- E. There is a vertical asymptote at x = 2
- **4.** If $f(x) = 2x^2 + 4$, which of the following is f'(3)?

A.
$$\lim_{h \to 0} \frac{2(3+h)^2 - 10}{h}$$

B.
$$\lim_{x \to 3} \frac{2x^2 - 18}{x - 3}$$

C.
$$\lim_{h \to 0} \frac{2(3+h)^2 + 18}{h}$$

D.
$$\lim_{x \to 3} \frac{2x^2 + 18x}{x - 3}$$

E.
$$\lim_{h \to 0} \frac{2h^2 - 18}{h - 3}$$

5. Find f'(8) if $f(x) = 10\sqrt[3]{x^4} + x$

A. 11 B. $\frac{41}{3}$ C. 7 D. 21

E. $\frac{83}{3}$

6. At what point(s) (x, y) on the graph of $f(x) = \frac{x}{x+2}$ does the tangent line to f(x) have a slope of $\frac{1}{2}$?

A. (0, 0) only

- B. $\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{5}\right)$ only
- C. (0,0) and (-4,2)
- D. (0,0) and $(4,\frac{2}{3})$
- E. There are no such points

7. If $f(x) = x \sin x$, find $f''(\pi)$

A. -2B. 2 C. π D. $-\pi$ E. 0

8.

 $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\tan \pi x}{x \sec x} =$

A. $\frac{1}{\pi}$ B. 0 C. 1 D. π E. The limit does not exist **9.** Differentiate $y = \sqrt{3 - 2x}$

A.
$$y' = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3-2x}}$$

B. $y' = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{3-2x}}$
C. $y' = \frac{-(3-2x)^{3/2}}{3}$
D. $y' = \frac{-1}{3-2x}$
E. $y' = \frac{2}{3}(3-2x)^{3/2}$

10. If
$$y = \sin^3(1-2x)$$
, then $\frac{dy}{dx} =$

A.
$$3\sin^2(1-2x)\cos(1-2x)$$

B. $-2\cos^3(1-2x)$
C. $-6\sin^2(1-2x)$
D. $-6\sin^2(1-2x)\cos(1-2x)$
E. $-6\cos^2(1-2x)$

11. The slope of the line tangent to the curve described by the implicit function $y^3x + y^2x^2 = 6$ at (2, 1) is

A.
$$-\frac{3}{2}$$

B. -1
C. $-\frac{3}{14}$
D. 0
E. $-\frac{5}{14}$

12. Find
$$f'(1)$$
 if $f(x) = \ln\left[\frac{(3x-1)^2}{(x+1)^4}\right]$

A. 1
B. -1
C. 2
D. -2
E. 5