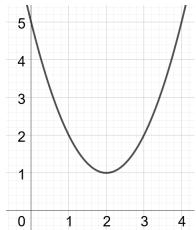
MA 16100 EXAM 1 Green September 19, 2018

NAME	YOUR TA'S NAME
STUDENT ID #	RECITATION TIME
Write the following in the TEST, below the boxes)	/QUIZ NUMBER boxes: $\boxed{00}$ (and blacken in the appropriate digits
<u>TA</u> 's name and the <u>COURSE</u> num and blacken in the appropriate spa section number, ask your TA. Sign	mark—sense sheet (answer sheet). On the mark—sense sheet, fill in your nber. Fill in your NAME and STUDENT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER aces. Fill in your four-digit SECTION NUMBER. If you do not know your in the mark—sense sheet. The 8 points (you will automatically earn 4 points for taking the exam).
Blacken in your choice of the corre	ect answer in the spaces provided for questions 1–12. Do all your work in
the exam booklet. Use the back of the exam booklet when you are fin	of the test pages for scrap paper. Turn in both the mark–sense sheet and nished.
booklet. You may not leave the roo	you may leave the room after turning in the scantron sheet and the exam om before 6:50. If you don't finish before 7:20, you MUST REMAIN SEATED your scantron sheet and your exam booklet.
	EXAM POLICIES
1. Students may not open	the exam until instructed to do so.
2. Students must obey the	e orders and requests by all proctors, TAs, and lecturers.
3. No student may leave i	n the first 20 min or in the last 10 min of the exam.
they should not even be	rs, or any electronic devices are not allowed on the exam, and e in sight in the exam room. Students may not look at anybody communicate with anybody else except, if they have a question, er.
•	e students have to put down all writing instruments and remain e TAs will collect the scantrons and the exams.
	rules and any act of academic dishonesty may result in severe y, all violators will be reported to the Office of the Dean of
I have read and understand t	the exam rules stated above:
STUDENT NAME:	
STUDENT SIGNATURE: .	

- 1. Find the domain of the function $f(x) = \sqrt{\ln(x^2 4)}$
 - A. $(-\infty, -2) \cup (2, \infty)$
 - B. $\left[\sqrt{5},\infty\right)$
 - C. $\left(-\infty, -\sqrt{5}\right] \cup \left[\sqrt{5}, \infty\right)$
 - D. $(-\infty, -2] \cup [2, \infty)$
 - E. $(2, \infty)$

- **2.** Find the inverse of the function $f(x) = \ln(x) \ln(x+1)$
 - A. $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{e^x}{1 + e^x}$, for x < 0
 - B. $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{e^x}{e^{x+1}}$, for x < 0
 - C. $f^{-1}(x) = e^x e^{x+1}$, for x < 0
 - D. $f^{-1}(x) = 1 \frac{1}{e^x}$, for x < 0
 - E. $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{e^x}{1 e^x}$, for x < 0

3. Consider the functions $f(x) = x^2$, g(x) = x + 2, and h(x) = x - 2. The following is a graph of which function?



- A. y = h(f(x+1))
- B. y = f(g(x)) + 1
- C. y = g(f(x+1))
- D. y = f(h(x)) + 1
- E. y = h(f(g(x)))
- **4.** The displacement of an object (as a function of time) is given by $s(t) = t \frac{1}{t}$. Find the average velocity of the object for the time interval from t = 2 to t = 4.
 - A. $\frac{5}{4}$
 - B. $\frac{9}{8}$
 - C. $\frac{9}{4}$
 - D. $\frac{9}{2}$
 - E. $\frac{5}{8}$

- 5. $\lim_{x \to 0^-} \left(\frac{|x|}{x} 1 \right) =$
 - A. 0
 - B. -2
 - C. 1
 - D. 2
 - E. -1

- **6.** $\lim_{a \to 0} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+16} 4}{a} \right) =$
 - A. $\frac{1}{8}$
 - B. 4
 - C. 8

 - D. 16 E. $\frac{1}{4}$

- 7. $\lim_{x \to 0} x^4 \cos\left(\frac{2}{x}\right) =$
 - A. 0
 - B. 1
 - C. ∞
 - D. $-\infty$
 - E. none of the above

8. If the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 - a, & x \le 0 \\ x + 5b, & 0 < x < 1 \\ 4x - 2, & x \ge 1 \end{cases}$$

is continuous on $(-\infty, \infty)$, then

- A. $a = -2, b = \frac{2}{5}$
- B. $a = 2, b = \frac{1}{5}$
- C. $a = 1, b = \frac{1}{5}$
- D. $a = 2, b = \frac{2}{5}$
- E. $a = -1, b = \frac{1}{5}$

- **9.** Which of the following functions has $\lim_{x\to -\infty} f(x) = -1$?
 - $A. f(x) = \frac{1+x}{x}$
 - $B. f(x) = -\sin(x)$
 - $C. f(x) = \frac{1-x}{x}$
 - D. $f(x) = \sin(x)$
 - E. $f(x) = \frac{1}{x-1}$

- 10. Find the total number of horizontal and vertical asymptotes for the function $f(x) = \frac{x x^2}{9 x^2}$
 - A. 1 horizontal, 1 vertical
 - B. 0 horizontal, 1 vertical
 - C. 1 horizontal, 2 vertical
 - D. 1 horizontal, 0 vertical
 - E. 0 horizontal, 2 vertical

- 11. If 2x + 3y = 6 is the equation for the tangent line to the function y = f(x) at the point (a, f(a)) where a = 6 then
 - A. $f'(a) = -\frac{2}{3}$, but there is not enough information to determine f(a)
 - B. f(a) = 2, f'(a) = 3
 - C. f(a) = 6, f'(a) = 2
 - D. f(a) = -2, $f'(a) = -\frac{2}{3}$
 - E. Neither f(a) nor f'(a) can be determined from the given information.

- 12. The function f(x) = |x| has which of the following properties?
 - (i) Is continuous at all values of x.
 - (ii) Is differentiable at a = 0.
 - (iii) Has a vertical tangent line at 0.
 - (iv) Is differentiable at all values a except at a=0.
 - A. only (i) and (iv)
 - B. only (iv)
 - C. only (i) and (ii)
 - D. only (iii)
 - E. only (iii) and (iv)