

# QUALIFYING EXAMINATION

JANUARY 2003

MATH 530 - Prof. Bell

1. (10 pts) Suppose  $P$  and  $Q$  are polynomials and that the degree of  $P$  is at least two less than the degree of  $Q$ . Prove that the sum of all the residues of  $P/Q$  in the complex plane is zero.
  
2. (20 pts)
  - a) Prove that an uncountable subset of a domain in the complex plane must have a limit point in the domain.
  - b) Prove that an analytic function on a domain can have at most countably many zeroes if it is not identically zero.
  - c) Does there exist a non-constant analytic function on the unit disc with infinitely many zeroes on the unit disc? Prove or give a counterexample.
  
3. (20 pts) Prove that if a harmonic function on a domain vanishes on an open subset of the domain, then it is identically zero. Can it vanish on a set with a limit point in the domain and not be identically zero?
  
4. (20 pts) Suppose that  $f(z)$  has an essential singularity at  $z = a$ . Prove that there is a sequence of points  $z_n$  tending to  $a$  such that  $(z_n - a)^n f(z_n)$  tends to  $\infty$ .
  
5. (10 pts) Does there exist a sequence of polynomials  $P_n(z)$  which converges uniformly to  $1/z$  on  $\{z : |z| = 1\}$ ? Explain.
  
6. (20 pts) Suppose that  $f$  is a continuous complex valued function on a domain  $\Omega$ . Prove that if  $f^2$  and  $f^3$  are analytic on  $\Omega$ , then  $f$  itself must be analytic.